An online training system to enable systematic delivery of study protocols in multisite neuroimaging

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PROBLEM

How to facilitate consistent protocol delivery in multisite studies?

1. Gold, J. L., & Dewa, C. S. (2005). Health Services Research, 40(1), 291–308.

2. Walker, R., et al. (2014). Addiction Research & Theory, 22(5), 407–415.

3. Kobak, K. A., Engelhardt, N., & Lipsitz, J. D. (2006). Journal of Psychiatric Research, 40(3), 192Multisite studies involve the administration of a common data collection protocol across disparate institutional locations. Although multisite studies allow access to a greater number of participants, they are prone to issues surrounding protocol consistency, data reconciliation and coordination¹.

To ensure the data collection protocol is consistently applied at separate study sites, each with their own unique staff (Figure 1), multisite studies often use in-person training or online training, or some combination of the two^{2, 3}.

Figure 1 Multisite studies: study staff at disparate sites delivering the same protocol



The Training Module can be used to train site staff

To get started with the Training Module, a training

is then inserted into the LORIS database.

administrator must develop training content which

to administer any test comprised in the study's test

Site n

1693

DEMO Try the Training Module on our LORIS demo website

https://demo.loris.ca/training



THE TRAINING MODULE IN USE

The Canadian Consortium on Neurodegeneration in Aging

The Canadian Consortium on Neuodegeneration in Aging (CCNA) is the largest study on dementia in Canada, collecting data on 1600 participants at over 30 sites across Canada.

SOLUTION

An online training system.





LORIS is an open-source web application for data coordination and data sharing, specifically designed for multisite neuroimaging studies. It is created and maintained by the McGill Centre for Integrated Neuroscience.

Website loris.ca

GitHub github.com/aces/Loris

Publications Das, S., et al. (2016). NeuroImage, 124, Part B, 1188-1195.

Das, S., et al. (2012). Frontiers in Neuroinformatics, 5.

Our group has recently developed the Training Module: an online platform, integrated within LORIS⁴, that allows staff members at study sites to receive standardized training. LORIS helps to alleviate the logistical difficulties multisite studies face through a centralized data repository and numerous study and data management tools.

Figure 2 The LORIS training system

Training Centre

Users progress

Users navigate amongst training units from the main Training Module page. The user can complete training units (found in the incomplete column), or review content for which they have already been certified (found in the complete column).

battery.



Figure 5 CCNA data collection sites



CCNA is using LORIS as their study and data management system, and we developed the Training Module for their use. The Training Module has been used by CCNA to teach site staff how to consistently administer neuropsychological tests.

Figure 6 The CCNA Training Process

	I. lext content	ii. PDF content	I have completed this section of the Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test training unit.	
			iii. Video content	
ļuiz	Training / Neuropsych / Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test		Training / Neuropsych / Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test	
A multiple choice quiz evaluating a user's comprehension of the training materials rounds out a training unit.	Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test Description Test and Score Sheets Training Video Demonstration Video Important Information Quiz		Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test Description Test and Score Sheets Training Video Demonstration Video Important Information Quiz	
	Description Text and Score Sheets Training Video Demonstration Video Important Information Quid Please complete the quid: in order to receive cartification. Porter Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test: Preve is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials <td>Please complete the quit in order to receive certification. Quite • There is a 24 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial, not at the end of the learning trials. • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • There is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Out ana site the participant to stow down if they are recalling the words too quickly (Corect answer). • None of the above are true <td< td=""></td<></td>		Please complete the quit in order to receive certification. Quite • There is a 24 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the learning and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall and delayed recall trials • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial, not at the end of the learning trials. • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • There is a 25 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • There is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Corect response is 0. Here is a 20 minute delay between the immediate recall (A6) trial and the delayed recall trial. • Out ana site the participant to stow down if they are recalling the words too quickly (Corect answer). • None of the above are true <td< td=""></td<>	

ዯ Visit 2 Visit 3 Visit 4 Visit 1 **Clinical Forms** MRI Neuropsych Tests Screening The training process for a neuropsych test: 2. 3. 4. **Certified!** Select a Review the Complete the Upload sample After these evaluation. It quiz. Review training unit to training content steps, the user (videos, PDFs, will be checked is certified to any corrections complete. text). by the head administer that to incorrect psychologist. neuropsych test. answers.

Certification

Upon successful completion of a training unit, the user is certified to administer a test in the study test battery. They can review the training materials at any time from the Training Centre.

Part of an ecosystem of multisite study management tools. CONCLUSION + **FUTURE WORK**

LORIS's Training Module can be used as complementary or an alternative to existing training methods in multisite studies. It is flexible, offering training possibilities for various types of tasks and allowing for many types of training content. It aims to facilitate and improve the consistency of protocol delivery and inter-rater reliability⁵ in multisite studies.

Figure 3 Planned Training Centre Interface

training unit again (study administrator's choice).

CCNA TRAINING IN NUMBERS

28 training units

The Training Module's benefit is ultimately derived from being part of a larger study management application (see LORIS). Useful study management abilities emerge from the interaction between the different tools and data repository.

Future Developments

Improved Training Centre Interface Advanced filtering of training units; progress status displayed (Figure 3).

Front-end Training Content Upload & Editing Ability for a training administrator to upload and edit training content directly from LORIS (Figure 4).

Training for Tasks Outside of Test Administration Certification for other procedural skills site staff may require to systematically deliver the protocol.



Figure 4 Training Content Upload & Editing



116 examiners completing training

data collection sites



35

certifications

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5. Rosen, J., et al. (2008). Psychiatry Research, 161(1), 126–130.